

# The National Audit Office modern slavery and human trafficking statement 2016-17

This statement has been produced in accordance with the Modern Slavery Act 2015. The statement details the steps that the NAO has taken during the 2016-17 financial year to prevent modern slavery and human trafficking in our supply chains or NAO's business.

# Organisation structure, business and supply chains

The NAO supports Parliament in holding government to account for the way public money is spent and to drive improvements in the way public services are delivered. We do this by fulfilling our statutory responsibilities for financial audit and value-for-money examinations across central government and, where appropriate, local public bodies.

We audit the financial statements of all central government departments, agencies and many other public bodies and report the results to Parliament. Our value-for-money examinations address the economy, efficiency and effectiveness with which public bodies have used their resources.

We are independent of government. The head of the NAO is the Comptroller and Auditor General (C&AG), Sir Amyas Morse KCB, who is an Officer of the House of Commons and a Crown appointee.

The NAO is funded by money voted to it by Parliament and by fees levied on its client base for some of the services it provides. Parliament sets our budget, scrutinises our performance and appoints our external auditors through a House of Commons committee called the Public Accounts Commission. Our governance arrangements were established under the Budget Responsibility and National Audit Act 2011 and reflect our unique statutory position by balancing Parliament's wish for independent oversight of the NAO's operations, while preserving the C&AG's discretion in the performance of his statutory audit responsibilities.

The average number of people employed by the NAO during 2016-17 was 811. Most were based at our London headquarters with approximately 100 in Newcastle. The overwhelming majority of our staff are employed on open-ended employment contracts and all staff are covered by a full set of modern terms and conditions, providing entitlements and protections. Comprehensive security and validation checks are completed on all staff before they take up employment.

Around 70% of the NAO's cost base is for the salaries and related costs of staff who perform our audit and assurance work. The NAO recruits around 70–80 graduates and school-leavers each year and supports them in gaining a professional accountancy qualification. In 2016-17, the NAO spent some  $\mathfrak{L}57.5$  million of its annual budget on staff costs.

In 2016-17, the NAO also spent £22.8 million on the purchase of goods and services. This included audit services purchased from professional accountancy firms, IT support and training to assist the delivery of audit projects, and the cost of maintaining our London and Newcastle offices. Less than 30% of the NAO's annual expenditure is spent on external organisations or a supply chain we do not directly oversee. Such expenditure is incurred in compliance with our procurement policy, which requires a competitive process and the use of government frameworks where these are available.

# Modern slavery and human trafficking policy

We have a zero tolerance policy to modern slavery and human trafficking. We are committed to ensuring that it does not exist in our supply chain or in any part of our business. If we become aware that one of our suppliers is accepting of modern slavery or human trafficking in their business or supply chain we will review our rights to cancel the relevant contract/s and notify the appropriate authorities.

# Due diligence processes, risk assessment and steps taken

Overall, the nature of our business means that the risk of modern slavery and human trafficking in our directly managed business activities and the first line of our supply chain is low. We have assessed our operations and our supply chain for areas where practices of modern slavery or human trafficking may occur and concluded we have preventive actions in place. These are summarised in the table overleaf.

### Operations

**Direct appointment of people.** The NAO directly employed an average of 811 full-time equivalent staff in 2016-17 to carry out its audit and assurance work and provide business support services.

We also had three people seconded to us from other organisations in the year.

### **Preventative Actions**

The NAO has a clearly defined set of HR policies and processes, which set out the rights and entitlements of our people and are aligned closely to those recommended across the civil service. The NAO consults its staff before making any changes to these policies. There is an active trade union and the NAO works closely with the union in setting policies. All NAO employees are subject to full security and validation checks before commencing employment.

The NAO is confident there are no instances of modern slavery or human trafficking among its employees, and that there is an adequate set of policies and procedures to prevent this. There are also nominated individuals (Dignity-at-work leads) across the organisation who, outside of direct line-management responsibilities, provide a confidential support service to people who are experiencing problems with dignity-at-work issues. This provides an additional channel for raising issues of inappropriate behaviour or treatment – for example, if an employee felt uncomfortable raising such matters through the usual central HR procedure. All staff also have access to an Employee Assistance Programme, which operates independently of the NAO and provides support and advice to staff on a wide range of issues. This includes issues unrelated to their employment.

Where we have someone working for us on inward secondment, we carry out due diligence before these individuals join us and also provide them with the same support and duty of care that we provide to our own employees when they are with us.

**Indirect appointment of people** through a contract with a supplier.

The NAO employed 22 temporary agency staff in 2016-17. In addition, we purchased £10.1 million of professional services from third parties with scope to provide contractors and consultants during the year. This included engagements with accountancy firms who provided resources to supplement NAO's staffing needs as necessary by performing audit work on our behalf.

The management of our London property also included activities under contract, such as the provision of personnel for office services who work on site and under NAO supervision.

The NAO operates a formal procurement policy for entering into contracts for goods and services. This includes making use of government frameworks where they are available.

We updated our procurement policy in 2016-17 for the Modern Slavery Act and now all proposals for contracts in excess of £10,000 include a specific question of the supplier as to whether there has been any incident involving modern slavery or trafficking in their business in the previous three years. Published statements will be reviewed before the final contract is awarded.

The NAO can exclude any supplier where issues around modern slavery or human trafficking are identified as part of a procurement exercise. However, we would give the supplier an opportunity to provide evidence of the circumstances and any remedial action that has since taken place. We would take these factors into account when making our final decision.

The management contract for the London and Newcastle properties stipulates that all contractors working on the NAO contract must be paid the Living Wage. The pay rates are set out in the contract and, as an open book contract, the NAO verifies that payments to contractors are made in line with the agreed rates at the end of each financial year (March).

**Purchase of goods and services from suppliers** who employ people in their own supply chain.

We purchase a range of goods and services to run our office and our audit practice – for example, IT-related equipment and services, training activities and the cost of utilities to run our London and Newcastle offices.

These are often small value and frequent purchases and it is not practical to investigate all supply chains in detail. However, as noted above, our procurement policy now stipulates that every procurement exercise in excess of  $\mathfrak{L}10,000$  must include an assessment by the buyer of any concerns around the supplier and consideration of such matters as part of the formal evaluation process.

# **Training**

Given our assessment that the risk of the NAO engaging in practices including modern slavery and human trafficking is low, we have not deemed it appropriate to provide training to all our staff. However, once published, we will circulate a copy of this statement to all NAO colleagues engaged directly in the procurement of goods and services or the employment of staff to remind them of our zero tolerance policy on modern slavery and human trafficking. This helps to ensure they remain constantly vigilant and alert to any poor practices in our suppliers.

# Effectiveness in preventing modern slavery and human trafficking

The NAO's strategic and operational risks are reviewed and reported to the Leadership Team each month and included as a standing item on the Board meeting agenda. These risks could affect our strategic objectives and so are monitored and managed actively to ensure that our strategy remains achievable. A full report on our risk management process and associated actions is given in the Governance Statement within our Annual Report and Accounts.

We consider that the NAO's risk management process provides a robust mechanism to ensure the prompt escalation of issues relating to modern slavery and human trafficking should they arise. Taken together with the other measures described in this statement and the low inherent risk present within our business, we have not put in place additional detailed performance indicators and consider that the preventive steps we have taken are appropriate and proportionate to the risk we face currently.

We will periodically subject our risk assessment and preventive measures to internal audit review to ensure that this assessment remains valid. There has been no such review in 2016-17.

This statement is made pursuant to section 54(1) of the Modern Slavery Act 2015 and constitutes the NAO's modern slavery and human trafficking statement for the financial year ending 31 March 2017.

Statement approved on 31 July 2017:

Daniel Lambauer

Executive Leader, Strategy & Operations

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